The Differences between High School and College

Information from the University of North Carolina at Pembroke; Pembroke NC 28372-1510

Documentation

- High School: Documentation focuses on determining whether a student is eligible for services.
- **College**: Documentation must provide information on specific functional limitations and demonstrate the need for specific accommodations.

Self-Advocacy

Identification

- **High School:** Student is identified by the school and is supported by parents and teachers.
- **College:** Student must self-identify to the Disability Resource Center.

Responsibility

- High School: Primary responsibility for advocacy typically belongs to the parent or school.
- **College:** Primary responsibility for self-advocacy and arranging accommodations belongs to the student.

Instructor Approach

- **High School:** Teachers approach you if they believe you need assistance.
- **College:** Professors are typically open and helpful, but most expect you to initiate contact if you need assistance.

Parental Role

Access

- High School: Parent has access to student records and can participate in the accommodations process.
- **College:** Parent does not have access to students' records without the student's written consent.

Advocacy

- **High School:** Parent advocates for student.
- College: Student advocates for self.

Instruction

Modifications

- High School: Teachers may modify curriculum and/or alter curriculum pace of assignments.
- **College:** Professors are not required to modify instruction or alter assignment deadlines.

Student Review

- **High School:** Students seldom need to read anything more than once; sometimes, listening in class is enough.
- **College:** Students need to review class notes, texts, and materials regularly to do well in a class.

Grades and Exams

Format and Grading Changes

- **High School:** IEP and 504 Plan may include modifications to test format and/or grading.
- College: Grading and exam format changes are not generally available.
 - Accommodations for HOW exams are given are available and supported by disability documentation.

Exam Frequency

- **High School:** Testing is frequent and covers small portions of material.
- **College:** Testing is typically infrequent and may be cumulative, covering large amounts of material.

Make-Up Tests

- **High School:** Make-up tests are often available.
- College: Make-up tests are seldom an option.

Instructor Reminders

- **High School:** Teachers often take time to remind you of assignments and due dates.
- College: Professors expect you to read, save, and consult the syllabus (course outline);
 the syllabus spells out exactly what is expected of you, when things are due, and how you will be graded.

Study Responsibilities

Tutoring Services

- High School: Tutoring and study support may be a service provided by an IEP or 504 plan.
- **College:** Tutoring does not fall under college disability services. However, students are encouraged to seek out this resource on their own, as it is available to all students.

Time Management

- **High School:** Your time and assignments are structured by others.
- College: You manage your own time and complete assignments independently.

Time Spent Outside of Class

- **High School:** You may study outside of class as little as 0 2 hours a week.
- College: You need to study at least 2 3 hours outside of class for each class hour.